

# Differences in Antibacterial Components and Effects Between Japan and Australia

# Research Motivation

Many pharmaceutical components are harmful to humans. I want to create drugs that do not negatively impact the human body.

# Research Question



# Hypothesis

Dokudami's  
antibacterial  
properties may  
prevent bacterial  
growth.

Tea tree may show  
similar effects.

# Research Method



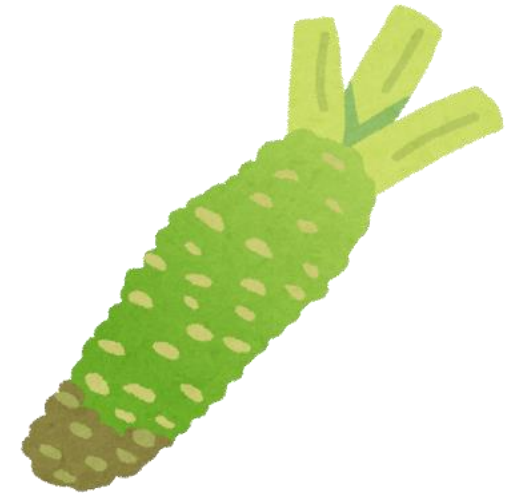
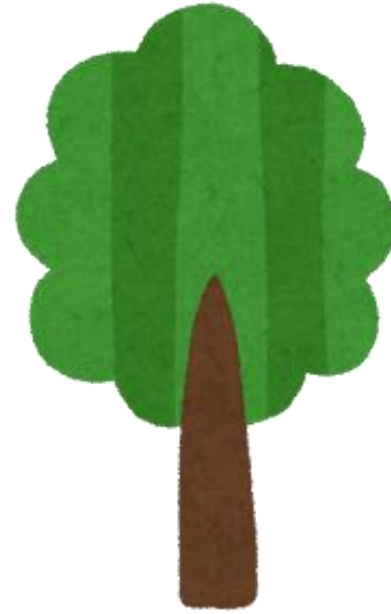
Dokudami



Tea Tree



# Experiment Procedure



# Experiment



Before  
experiment



Wasabi



Lemon



alkaline  
electrolyzed water

# Experiment



vinegar



Dokudami



Nothing



# Australia Experiment

I actually wanted to conduct the experiment, but due to lost baggage, the necessary materials did not arrive, so I had to give up on it. The experiment was supposed to involve extracting essential oil using the distillation method and proceeding in the same manner as in Slide 6.

# Experiment Limitations

- Financial constraints may limit further experimentation.
- Time limitations could affect the completion of experiments.
- Using decomposed leaf litter as a source introduces potential variability in results.

# Next Steps

Conduct long-term experiments.

Ensure all bacterial cultures are the same for more precise comparisons.

# Revised Hypothesis

If antibacterial properties prevent bacterial growth, the difference between treated and untreated samples should be more pronounced.



# history

After researching the book, I found that eucalyptus and tea tree essential oils were used as medicine.

It seems that they were effective.

# References

Daisuke Takahashi, Takashi Suzuki, Ryoichi Kato(2010)  
"Teaching materials of antimicrobial active of food"  
National Agriculture and Food Research Organization  
[https://www.naro.go.jp/laboratory/nire/mail\\_magazine/files/26-06-01.pdf](https://www.naro.go.jp/laboratory/nire/mail_magazine/files/26-06-01.pdf)